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development of the nervous system has not previously been determined.

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Thus, there exists a need to identify genes that regulate the development of the nervous system and related biological functions. The present invention satisfies this need and provides related advantages as well.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides an isolated Nope polypeptide, or functional fragment thereof, containing the amino acid sequence of a Nope polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2), or a modification thereof. The invention also provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a Nope polypeptide amino acid sequence referenced as SEQ ID NO:2, or a modification thereof. The invention additionally provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule containing the nucleotide sequence referenced as SEQ ID NO:1, or a modification thereof. The invention further provides methods of detecting Nope polypeptides and Nope nucleic acid molecules.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows the genomic localization of the Nope gene, the tissue-specific expression of Nope mRNA, and the domain structure of Nope polypeptide. Figure 1A shows the location of expressed sequence tags (ESTs) in the genomic region upstream of the Punc gene, which are shown as black bars with the corresponding Genbank accession numbers indicated. The region designated ell is the cloned restriction fragment used to generate a Nope hybridization

5 Nope, Punc, DCC, and Neogenin. Figure 3C shows the sequence relationship between Nope and Punc as shown by dot plot analysis based on a PAM similarity matrix. similarities appear as diagonal lines. 5 Figure 4 shows chromosomal mapping of Nope to chromosome 9. Structures of the encoded proteins are indicated next to the chromosome sketch. Placement of Neogenin, Nope, Punc, and BAC end markers relative to framework markers D9Mit48 and D9Mit143 on chromosome 9 are 10 shown. Distances are given in centiRays (cR). arrangement of BAC clones and the origin of PCR products used for mapping is shown on the right.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides Nope polypeptides

and encoding nucleic acids. The invention also provides

methods for detecting nucleic acids encoding Nope and

methods for detecting Nope polypeptides. The methods of the

invention are advantageous for specifically detecting the

presence of a Nope polypeptide or a nucleic acid encoding

Nope in a sample.

Nope is a newly identified mouse gene located on chromosome 9. As disclosed herein, the Nope polypeptide encoded by the Nope gene contains four immunoglobulin domains and five fibronectin-type III repeats, a single transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic domain. Nope is a new member of the immunoglobulin superfamily of cell surface proteins and has a high level of similarity to Punc and to guidance receptors such as Deleted in Colorectal Cancer